



Kmemleak



# Kmemleak

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## 1 Article purpose

This article provides the basic information needed to start using the Linux kernel tool: **kmemleak**<sup>[1]</sup>.

## 2 Introduction

The following table provides a brief description of the tool, as well as its availability depending on the software packages:

✔: this tool is either present (ready to use or to be activated), or can be integrated and activated on the software package.

✘: this tool is not present and cannot be integrated, or it is present but cannot be activated on the software package.



Tool			STM32MPU Embedded Software distribution			STM32MPU Embedded Software distribution for Android™		
Name	Category	Purpose	Starter Package	Developer Package	Distribution Package	Starter Package	Developer Package	Distribution Package
kmemleak	Monitoring tools	kmemleak <sup>[1]</sup> provides a means to detect possible kernel memory leaks in a similar way to a tracing garbage collector, with the difference that the orphan objects are not freed, but only reported via				Coming soon		

Name	Tool		STM32MPU Embedded Software distribution			STM32MPU Embedded Software distribution for Android™		
	Category	Purpose	Starter Package	Developer Package	Distribution Package	Starter Package	Developer Package	Distribution Package
		/sys /kernel /debug /kmemleak.  It is <b>not installed by default on all STM32 MPU Software Packages</b> .						

### 3 Installing the trace and debug tool on your target board


In order to use **kmemleak**, the Linux kernel configuration must activate CONFIG\_DEBUG\_KMEMLEAK:

```

Symbol: DEBUG_KMEMLEAK
Location:
  Kernel Hacking --->
    Memory Debugging -->
      [*] Kernel memory leak detector
  
```

Since memory may be allocated or freed before kmemleak is initialised, an early log buffer is used to store these actions.

**If kmemleak reports "early log buffer exceeded" and debugfs entry is not present, you can increase the log buffer size by changing the configuration value, for example to 5000**



```

Symbol: DEBUG_KMEMLEAK_EARLY_LOG_SIZE [=400]
Location:
Range: [200 40000]
  Kernel Hacking --->
    Memory Debugging -->
      [*] Kernel memory leak detector
        (400) Maximum kmemleak early log entries
  
```



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## 3.1 Using STM32MPU Embedded Software Distribution

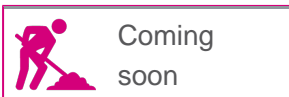
### 3.1.1 Developer Package

To enable `CONFIG_DEBUG_KMEMLEAK` in the Linux kernel configuration, please refer to the [Menuconfig or how to configure kernel](#) article to find instructions for modification of the configuration and recompiling Linux kernel image in developer package context.

### 3.1.2 Distribution Package (Weston image)

To enable `CONFIG_DEBUG_KMEMLEAK` in the Linux kernel configuration, please refer to the [Menuconfig or how to configure kernel](#) article to find instructions for modifying the configuration and recompiling the Linux kernel image in the distribution package context.

## 3.2 Using STM32MPU Embedded Software Distribution for Android™



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## 4 Getting started

### 4.1 Reading kmemleak report

A kernel thread scans the memory every 10 minutes (by default) and prints the number of new unreferenced objects found. To display the details of all the possible memory leaks:

```
Board $> cat /sys/kernel/debug/kmemleak
```

*Note:* debugfs is mounted by default, otherwise you can mount it using the following command. Please refer to the [Debugfs](#) article.

Kmemleak result example: contains an extract of the memory content, and backtrace of function calls, to help you when debugging.

```
unreferenced object 0xed638800 (size 64):
  comm "swapper/0", pid 1, jiffies 4294937542 (age 197.490s)
  hex dump (first 32 bytes):
    01 00 00 00 77 f9 ff 7a cf 37 dd e3 01 00 00 00  ...w..z.7.....
```

```

00 92 63 ed 40 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00  ..c.@.....
backtrace:
[<c048d130>] pinconf_generic_parse_dt_config+0x10c/0x13c
[<c0490f88>] stm32_pctrl_dt_node_to_map+0x90/0x3f4
[<c048ca58>] pinctrl_dt_to_map+0x130/0x35c
[<c04895a0>] create_pinctrl+0x60/0x3b0
[<c0489a08>] devm_pinctrl_get+0x38/0x68
[<c0582a24>] pinctrl_bind_pins+0x48/0x280
[<c055f7f8>] driver_probe_device+0xc0/0x470
[<c055fca8>] __driver_attach+0x100/0x11c
[<c055db08>] bus_for_each_dev+0x4c/0x9c
[<c055ecc4>] bus_add_driver+0x1c0/0x264
[<c0560910>] driver_register+0x78/0xf4
[<c0101c48>] do_one_initcall+0x44/0x168
[<c0f00e74>] kernel_init_freeable+0x1c0/0x24c
[<c0a65ac4>] kernel_init+0x8/0x110
[<c0108b50>] ret_from_fork+0x14/0x24
[<ffffffff>] 0xffffffff

```

## 4.2 Triggerring an intermediate memory scan

```
Board $> echo scan > /sys/kernel/debug/kmemleak
```

## 4.3 Clearing the list of all current possible memory leaks

```
Board $> echo clear > /sys/kernel/debug/kmemleak
```

## 4.4 All kmemleak commands

Memory scanning parameters can be modified at run-time by writing to the `/sys/kernel/debug/kmemleak` file. The following parameters are supported:

```

off           - disable kmemleak (irreversible)
stack=on     - enable the task stacks scanning (default)
stack=off    - disable the tasks stacks scanning
scan=on      - start the automatic memory scanning thread (default)
scan=off     - stop the automatic memory scanning thread
scan=<secs>  - set the automatic memory scanning period in seconds (default 600, 0 to
stop the automatic scanning)
scan         - trigger a memory scan
clear        - clear list of current memory leak suspects, done by marking all current
reported unreferenced objects in grey, or freeing all kmemleak objects if kmemleak is
disabled.
dump=<addr>  - dump information about the object found at <addr>

```



## 5 To go further

If enabled in the Linux kernel configuration, Kmemleak can also be disabled at boot time by passing **kmemleak=off** on the kernel command line.

Conversely, if **CONFIG\_DEBUG\_KMEMLEAK\_DEFAULT\_OFF** is enabled in the Linux kernel configuration, kmemleak is disabled by default.

```
Symbol: DEBUG_KMEMLEAK_DEFAULT_OFF
Location:
  Kernel Hacking --->
    Memory Debugging -->
      [*] Kernel memory leak detector
        [*] Default kmemleak to off
```

Passing **kmemleak=on** on the kernel command line enables the function.

## 6 References

- 1.01.1 <http://www.procode.org/kmemleak/>
- Useful external links

Document link	Document Type	Description
<a href="#">Kernel Memory Leak Detector</a>	Standard	Documentation from kernel.org

Debug File System (See <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Debugfs> for more details)