

File:Make config.png

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```
Egreg@shamp linux-2.5]$ make config
make[1]: `scripts/kconfig/conf ' is up to date.
./scripts/kconfig/conf arch/i386/Kconfig

# using defaults found in .config

#
* Linux Kernel Configuration

*
* Code maturity level options

*
Prompt for development and/or incomplete code/drivers (EXPERIMENTAL) [Y/n/?]
```

No higher resolution available.

Make\_config.png (475  $\times$  287 pixels, file size: 26 KB, MIME type: image/png) A quality version of this page, approved on 17 June 2020, was based off this revision.





# File history

Click on a date/time to view the file as it appeared at that time.

	Date/Time	Thumbnail	Dimensions	User	Comme nt
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• You cannot overwrite this file.



### File usage

The following page links to this file:

• Menuconfig or how to configure kernel Stable: 31.03.2021 - 08:47 / Revision: 26.03.2021 - 08:44

A quality version of this page, approved on 31 March 2021, was based off this revision.

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### Linux configuration genericity

The process of building a kernel has two parts: configuring the kernel options and building the source with those options.

The Linux<sup>®</sup> kernel configuration is found in the generated file: .config.

.config is the result of configuring task which is processing platform defconfig and fragment files if any.

For OpenSTLinux distribution the defconfig is located into the kernel source code and fragments into stm32mp BSP layer:

- arch/arm/configs/multi\_v7\_defconfig

Every new kernel version brings a bunch of new options, we do not want to back port them into a specific defconfig file each time the kernel releases, so we use the same defconfig file based on ARM SoC v7 architecture.

STM32MP1 specificities are managed with fragments config files.

- meta-st/meta-st-stm32mp/recipes-kernel/linux/linux-stm32mp/<kernel version>/fragment-\*.config

.config result is located in the build folder:

- build-openstlinuxweston-stm32mp1/tmp-glibc/work/stm32mp1-ostl-linux-gnueabi/linux-stm32mp/5.10.10-rc0/build/,config

To modify the kernel options, it is not recommended to edit this file directly.

A user runs either a text-mode :

```
PC $> make config
starts a character based question and answer session (Figure 1)
```

```
[greg@shamp linux-2.5]$ make config
make[1]: `scripts/kconfig/conf' is up to date.
./scripts/kconfig/conf arch/i386/Kconfig
# using defaults found in .config
  Linux Kernel Configuration
  Code maturity level options
Prompt for development and/or incomplete code/drivers (EXPERIMENTAL) [Y/n/?]
Figure 1. Configuring the kernel with make config
```

PC \$> make menuconfig starts a terminaloriented configuration tool (using ncurses) (Figure 2) The ncurses text version is more popular and is run with the make menuconfig option.

Wikipedia Menuconfig[1

also explains how to "navigate" within the configuration menu, and highlights main key strokes.

or a graphical kernel

configurator:



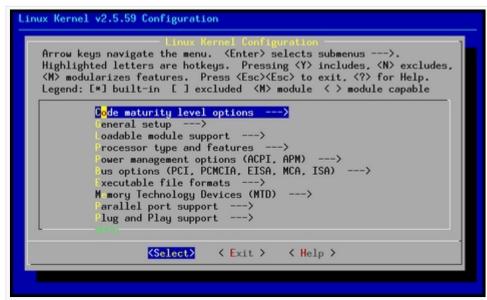
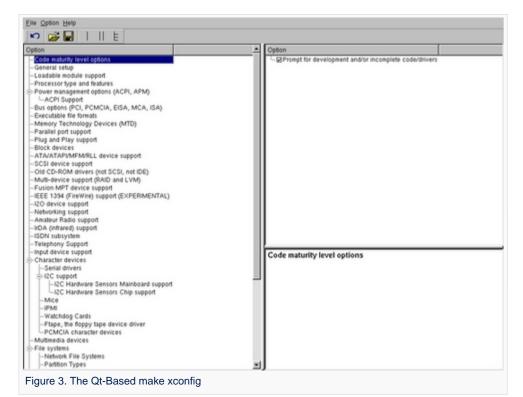


Figure 2. Make menuconfig makes it easier to back up and correct mistakes



PC \$> make xconfig
starts a X based
configuration tool
(Figure 3)

Ultimately these configuration tools edit the .config file.

An option indicates either some driver is built into the kernel ("=y") or will be built as a module ("=m") or is not selected.

The unselected state can either be indicated by a line starting with "#" (e.g. "# CONFIG\_SCSI is not set") or by the absence of the relevant line from the . config file.

The 3 states of the main selection option for the SCSI subsystem (which actually selects the SCSI mid level driver) follow. Only one of these should appear in an actual .config file:

CONFIG\_SCSI=y
CONFIG\_SCSI=m
# CONFIG\_SCSI is not
set



## 2 Menuconfig and Developer Package

For this use case, the prerequesite is that OpenSTLinux SDK has been installed and configured.

To verify if your cross-compilation environment has been put in place correctly, run the following command:

```
PC $> set | grep CROSS
   CROSS_COMPILE=arm-ostl-linux-gnueabi-
```

For more details, refer to *<Linux kernel installation directory>/README.HOW\_TO.txt* helper file (the latest version of this helper file is also available in GitHub: README.HOW\_TO.txt ).

Go to the <Linux kernel build directory>

```
PC $> cd <Linux kernel build directory>
```

Save initial configuration (to identify later configuration updates)

```
PC $> make arch=ARM savedefconfig
Result is stored in defconfig file
PC $> cp defconfig defconfig.old
```

Start the Linux kernel configuration menu

```
PC $> make arch=ARM menuconfig
```

- Navigate forwards or backwards directly between feature
  - un/select, modify feature(s) you want
  - When the configuration is OK: exit and save the new configuration

```
useful keys to know:
enter: enter in config subdirectory
space: hit several times to either select [*], select in module [m] or unselect [ ]
/: to search for a keyword, this is usefull to navigate in tree
?: to have more information on selected line
```

Compare the old and new config files after operating modifications with menuconfig

Retrieve configuration updates by comparing the new defconfig and the old one

```
PC $> meld defconfig defconfig.old
```

PC \$> make arch=ARM savedefconfig

Cross-compile the Linux kernel (please check the load address in the README.HOW\_TO.txt helper file)



PC \$> make arch=ARM uImage LOADADDR=<loadaddr of kernel>
PC \$> cp arch/arm/boot/uImage install\_artifact/boot/

Update the Linux kernel image on board

PC \$> scp install\_artifact/boot/uImage root@<board ip address>:/boot/



If the /boot mounting point doesn't exist yet, please see how to create a mounting point

Reboot the board

Board \$> cd /boot; sync; systemctl reboot

Note that this use case modifies the configuration file in the Linux kernel build directory, not in the Linux kernel source directory: this is a temporary modification useful for a prototyping.

• To make this temporary modification permanent, the delta between defconfig and defconfig.old must be saved in a configuration fragment file (fragment-\*.config) based on fragment.cfg file, and the Linux kernel configuration/compilation steps must be re-executed (as explained in the README.HOW\_TO.txt helper file).



### 3 Menuconfig and Distribution Package

Start the Linux kernel configuration menu

PC \$> bitbake virtual/kernel -c menuconfig

- Navigate forwards or backwards directly between feature
  - un/select, modify feature(s) you want
  - When the configuration is OK : exit and save the new configuration

```
useful keys to know:
enter: enter in config subdirectory
space: hit several times to either select [*], select in module [m] or unselect [ ]
/: to search for a keyword, this is usefull to navigate in tree
?: to have more information on selected line
```

Cross-compile the Linux kernel

```
PC $> bitbake virtual/kernel
```

Update the Linux kernel image on board

**PC \$>** scp <build dir>/tmp-glibc/deploy/images/<machine name>/uImage root@<board ip address>:/boot



### Information

If the /boot mounting point does not exist yet, please see how to create a mounting point

Reboot the board

```
Board $> cd /boot; sync; systemctl reboot
```

Note that this use case modifies the configuration file in the Linux kernel build directory, not in the Linux kernel source directory: this is a temporary modification useful for a prototyping.

• To make this temporary modification permanent, it must be saved in a configuration fragment file (fragment-\*.config) based on **fragment.cfg** file, and the Linux kernel configuration/compilation steps must be re-executed: **bitbake <name of kernel recipe>**.





# 4 References

Wikipedia Menuconfig